

# Hydrophobic Interaction and Ion Exchange Chromatography Detergent Properties<sup>1</sup>

## Physical Properties of Commonly Used Detergents

Detergent	MP <sub>t</sub> °C	Mol.Wt. Monomer	Mol.Wt. Micelle	Critical Micellar Conc. (w/v)	M
SDS	206	288	18,000	0.23	8.0 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
Cholate	201	430	4,300	0.60	1.4 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>
Deoxycholate	175	432	4,200	0.21	5.0 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
C <sub>16</sub> TAB	230	365	62,000	0.04	1.0 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
Lyo PC (C <sub>16</sub> )	-	495	92,000	0.0004	7.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
CHAPS	157	615	6,150	0.49	1.4 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>
Zwittergent 3-14	-	364	30,000	0.011	3.0 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Octyl glucoside	105	292	8,000	0.73	2.3 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>
Digitonin	235	1,229	70,000	-	-
C <sub>12</sub> E <sub>8</sub>	-	542	65,000	0.005	8.7 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>
Lubrol PX	-	582	64,000	0.006	1.0 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Triton-X-100	-	650	90,000	0.021	3.0 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Tween 80	-	1,310	76,000	0.002	1.2 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>

## Chemical Properties of Commonly Used Detergents<sup>a</sup>

Property	Ionic Detergents							Non-Ionic Detergents					
	SDS	C <sub>16</sub>	CHO	DOC	LYS	CHA	ZWI	OGL	DIG	C <sub>12</sub>	T80	LUB	TNX
Strongly denaturing <sup>b</sup>	+	+	-	-	+/-	-	+/-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dialyzable	+	+	+	+	-	+	+/-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Ion exchangeable <sup>c</sup>	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Complexes ions	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Strong A <sub>280</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
Assay Interference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Cold Precipitates	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
High Cost	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-
Availability	+	+	+	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	+/-	+	+	+
Toxicity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ease of purification	+	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-
Radiolabelled	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+
Defined composition	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-
Auto-oxidation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+

a Key: SDS, Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate; C<sub>16</sub>, Hexadecyl trimethylammonium bromide; CHO, cholate; DOC, Deoxycholate; LYS, Lysophosphatidylcholine; CHA, CHAPS; ZWI, Zwittergent 3-14; OGL, Octyl glucoside; DIG, Digitonin; C<sub>12</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>E<sub>8</sub>; T80, Tween 80; LUB, Lubrol PX; TNX, Triton X-100. See reference 1 for structures. b Denaturing refers to disruption of secondary and tertiary protein structure. c Ionic detergents are unuitable for ion exchange chromatography.

1. Tables taken from O.T. Jones, J. P. Ernest, and M.G. McNamee, "Solubilization and Reconstitution of Membrane Proteins," in *Biological Membranes: A Practical Approach* (J. Findlay, ed.) IRL Press (1986).

## Hydrophobic Interaction and Ion Exchange Chromatography Biological Buffer Characteristic Chart

**pH Properties of Common Biological Buffers**

pKa(20°C)	Buffer	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
6.15	MES	5.5		7.0				
6.5	Bis-Tris	5.5		7.3				
6.62	ADA	5.8		7.4				
6.80	PIPER	6.1		7.5				
6.88	ACES	6.0		7.5				
6.95	MOPS-O	6.2		7.4				
7.15	BES	6.6			8.0			
7.2	MOPS	6.5			7.9			
7.5	TES	6.8			8.2			
7.55	HEPES	6.8			8.2			
7.7	TAPSO	7.0			8.2			
8.0	EPPS	7.5			8.5			
8.15	TRICINE	7.8			8.8			
8.35	BICINE	7.7				9.1		
8.4	TAPS	7.7				9.1		
9.3	CHES	8.6					10.00	
10.40	CAPS					9.7		11.1